

Independent Auditor's Report on the Consolidated Financial Highlights

The consolidated financial highlights, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at December 31, 2017, the consolidated statement of profit and loss for the year then ended, and related notes, are derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Banco di Caribe N.V. for the year ended December 31, 2017.

dated financial highlights are consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements, in accordance with the Provision for the Disclosure of Consolidated Financial Highlights of Domestic Banking Institutions, issued by the Central Bank of Curação and St. Maarten.

The consolidated financial highlights do not contain all the disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards. Reading the consolidated financial highlights and our report thereon, there-fore, is not a substitute for reading the audited consolidated financial statements of Banco de Caribe N.V.

Consolidated financial highlights
The accompanying consolidated financial highlights, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other compre hensive income for the year then ended, and related notes, are derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Banco di Caribe N.V. (the "Bank") for the yea ended December 31, 2017. We expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those consolidated financial statements in our report

The consolidated financial highlights do not contain all the disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Stan-

To the Shareholder and Board of Directors dards. Reading the consolidated financial highlights, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the audited consolidated financial

The audited consolidated financial

statements and our report thereon We expressed an unmodified opinion on the consolidated financial statements in our report dated June 27, 2018.

We have included an emphasis of matter to draw attention to the disclosure of the accounting policy for possible impairment of loans of the companies' branch in St. Maarten due to the impact of Hurricanes Irma and Maria. We have not modified our report in this respect.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial highlights

tion of the consolidated financial highlights derived from the audited consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Provision for the Disclosure of Consolidated Financial Highlights of Domestic Banking Institutions, issued by the CBCS.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the consolidated financial highlights are consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated fi-nancial statements of Banco di Caribe N.V. based on our procedures, which were con ducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) 810 (Revised) "Engagements to Report on Summary Fi-

Curação, June 27, 2018

Consolidated statement of financial position

As at December 31, 2017 (in '000 Antillean Guilders)

2016	2017	Assets
461,763	525,707	Cash and due from banks
171,085	175,955	Investment securities
109,967	109,967	Investment property
878,457	899,421	Loans and advances to customers
82,162	81,936	Bank premises and equipment
40,797	22,657	Customers' liability under acceptances
71,497	96,242	Other assets
1,815,728	1,911,885	Total assets
		Liabilities and Shareholder's equity
		Liabilities
1,429,111	1,554,282	Customers' deposits
-	561	Due to other banks
40,797	22,657	Acceptances outstanding
7,835	8,031	Deferred tax liabilities
2,223	4,616	Current tax liabilities
17,938	16,786	Payables and other financial liabilities
2,288	2,038	Provisions
1,500,192	1,608,971	Total liabilities
		Shareholder's equity
20,677	20,677	Issued capital
75,750	75,750	Share premium
19,230	19,803	General reserve
21,251	20,189	Other reserves
178,628	166,495	Retained earnings
315,536	302,914	Total shareholder's equity
1,815,728	1,911,885	Total liabilities and shareholder's equity

Consolidated statement of profit or loss

For the year ended December 31, 2017 (in '000 Antillean Guilders)

	2017	2016
Interest income	66,994	69,028
Interest expense	27,847	29,805
Net interest income	39,147	39,223
Net Fee and commission income	18,154	16,083
Income from investment securities	15,813	47,920
Other operating income	1,102	1,127
Operating income	74,216	104,353
Salaries and other employee expenses	42,553	43,036
Occupancy expenses	5,286	5,042
Net impairment losses on loans and advances	8,538	9,993
Other operating expenses	26,489	24,918
Operating expenses	82,866	82,989
(Loss)/Profit before tax	(8,650)	21,364
Profit tax	3,226	1,004
Net (loss)/profit for the year	(11,876)	20,360

Explanatory notes to the consolidated financial highlights of Banco di Caribe N.V.

A. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of Banco di Caribe N.V. and its subsidiaries (the "Bank") are set out below. These explanatory notes are an extract of the detailed notes included in the consolidated financial statements and are consistent in all material respects with those from which they have been derived.

The consolidated financial statements, from which these Consolidated Financial Highlights have been derived, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The figures presented in these highlights are prepared in thousands of Antillean Guilders (ANG). The policies used have been consistently applied by the Bank and are consistent, in all material respects, with those used in previous years. For financial statement presentation purposes cer-

3. Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are those enterprises con trolled by the Bank. Control exists when the Bank has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of the enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of Banco di Caribe N.V. and its subsidiaries, except for the assets and liabilities of N.V. Trustmaatschappij van Banco d Caribe relating to the securities this subsidiary holds on behalf of its customers. The Bank is the sole shareholder of all of its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses have been eliminated in preparing the consoli-dated financial statements. The most significant accounting policies are set out below.

Investment securities

The Bank classifies its financial assets in the follow categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; availablefor-sale financial assets; held-to-maturity

· Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, with subsequent fair value changes recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Bank designates financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if the as-sets are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis or if designation as such eliminates an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise

Available-for-sale investments are nonderivative investments that are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time. Available-for-sale investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction cost, with fair value changes recognized directly in equity, until the investment is derecognized or impaired, whereupon the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in equity are recognized in the income statement for that period.

Held-to-maturity

Held-to-maturity investments are nonderivative assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity fair value plus transaction cost and are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method

Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances are carried at amortized cost, less an allowance for loan losses. Changes in the total allowance for loan losses are charged to the income statement. Loans deemed uncollectible are charged-off against the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent recoveries are credited in the income statement.

Net interest income

Interest income and expense is recognized as it accrues. Interest income arising from debt securities and deposits with other banks is recognized as it accrues, taking into effect the effective yield on the investment.

Income from investment securities

Income from investment securities infrom fair value changes related to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, realized result on available-for-sale securities, including impairment losses, gains and losses arising from the sale, re-

(in 'ooo Antillean Guilders)

I. Assets

Investment securities	2017	2016
Available-for-sale securities	42,256	114,810
Held-to-maturity securities	80,929	-
Fair value through profit or loss	52,770	56,275
Total investment securities	175,955	171,085
Loans and advances to customers	2017	2016
Retail customers	531,138	513,797
Corporate customers	484,748	467,946
Gross loans and advances to customers	1,015,886	981,743
Less: allowance for loan impairment	(116,465)	(103,286)
Net loans and advances to customers	899,421	878,457
II. Liabilities		
Customers' deposits	2017	2016
Retail customers	494,538	469,298
Corporate customers	931,492	838,648
Other	128,252	121,165
Total customers' deposits	1,554,282	1,429,111

